Β. The Board of Directors proposes (item no. 7b, 14 and 15 of the proposed agenda):

Allocation

7.b)

The Board proposes a dividend of SEK 1.50 per share.

Friday, April 3, 2020, is proposed as the record date for payment of the dividend. Provided that the Meeting resolves in accordance with the proposal, dividends are expected to be distributed by Euroclear Sweden AB on Wednesday, April 8, 2020.

14. Approval of Remuneration Guidelines for senior executives.

> These remuneration guidelines include the CEO and other senior executives. The guidelines are forwardlooking, i.e. they are applicable to remuneration agreed, and amendments to remuneration already agreed, after adoption of the guidelines by the annual general meeting 2020. These guidelines do not apply to any remuneration decided or approved by the general meeting.

> The guidelines' promotion of the company's business strategy, long-term interests and sustainability

> SSAB's business strategy aims to establish the company as an industry leader in terms of both profitability and sustainability among comparable companies. SSAB's stated objective is to become the safest steel company in the world to work in, and shall in addition adhere to high environmental standards and be a responsible partner to all stakeholders. A more detailed description of the business strategy can be found on the company's website. A successful implementation of the company's business strategy and the safeguarding of the company's long-term interests require that the company can recruit and retain gualified employees. For this, the company must be able to offer competitive remuneration in the labor market on which the executive operates. These guidelines are intended to offer senior executives a competitive total remuneration, which in turn promotes the company's business strategy, long-term interests and sustainability.

Types of remuneration, etc.

The remuneration shall be on market terms and may consist of the following components: fixed cash salary, variable cash remuneration consisting of a

1

short-term variable component ("STI") and a longterm variable component ("LTI"), pension benefits and other benefits. Additionally, the general meeting may – irrespective of these guidelines – resolve on, among other things, share-related or share pricerelated remuneration.

The satisfaction of criteria for variable cash remuneration shall be measured over a period of one year for STI and three years for LTI. STI may amount to not more than 75 per cent of the fixed annual cash salary for the CEO and not more than 50 per cent for other senior executives. LTI may amount to not more than 30 per cent of the fixed annual cash salary for the CEO and other senior executives.

For the CEO and other senior executives pension benefits shall be contribution-based except in those cases where so provided in the rules of a general pension plan (e.g. the Swedish ITP2 plan). The retirement age should be set individually, however, in no case earlier than the age of 62. In the event the employment terminates prior to the retirement age, the executive shall receive a paid-up policy for earned pension. Variable cash remuneration shall not qualify for pension benefits, except in those cases where so provided in the rules of a general pension plan. The pension premiums shall amount to not more than 50 per cent of the annual pensionable salary.

Other benefits may include, for example, health insurance, medical insurance and company cars. Premiums and other costs relating to such benefits may amount to not more than 10 per cent of the fixed annual cash salary.

Remuneration under employments subject to other rules than Swedish may be duly adjusted to comply with mandatory rules or established local practice, taking into account, to the extent possible, the overall purpose of these guidelines.

Termination of employment

Upon termination of an employment, the notice period may not exceed twelve months. Fixed salary during the period of notice and severance pay may together not exceed an amount equivalent to the fixed salary for 24 months for the CEO and 18 months for the other senior executives. The period of notice may not exceed six months without any right to severance pay when termination is made by the executive.

For senior executives outside Sweden, the termination period and severance pay may deviate

from the above stated due to legislation or local market practice.

Criteria for variable cash remuneration, etc.

The variable cash remuneration shall be linked to predetermined and measurable criteria. The criteria shall be designed to contribute to the company's business strategy and long-term interests, including sustainability.

The criteria for STI are set annually and shall consist of group objectives, of unit objectives (i.e. objectives related to a particular division, a certain subsidiary or a certain function) and of individual objectives, with distribution as follows.

Group objectives may be financial and non-financial. The financial objectives shall comprise at least 60 per cent of the group objectives and shall be linked to EBITDA margins in relation to a comparison group of the company's competitors, own EBITDA level or margin, return on capital employed, the company's cash flow or the company's stock turnover. The nonfinancial group objectives shall be linked to sustainability.

The unit objectives may be different for different units. For units with clear profit responsibility, the unit objectives shall to at least 50 per cent consist of financial objectives that shall be linked to sales, volumes, operating profit, operating margins, cost savings, return on capital employed or cash flows. The remaining part of the unit objectives shall consist of operational objectives linked to sustainability and fulfillment of the unit's strategic plan. For other units, the unit objectives shall be designed so that they clearly contribute to the fulfillment of the respective unit's strategy, including sustainability.

Individual objectives shall consist of quantitative or qualitative objectives aimed at increased value creation for the company.

For the CEO, STI shall comprise at least 85 per cent of group objectives and the remainder of individual objectives. For senior executives with clear own profit responsibility, STI shall comprise at least 45 per cent of unit objectives, up to a maximum of 15 per cent of individual objectives and the remaining part of group objectives. For other senior executives, STI shall consist of at least 70 per cent of group objectives, up to a maximum of 15 per cent of individual objectives and the remaining part of unit objectives.

LTI shall to 40-60 per cent be linked to the total return on the SSAB share in relation to a comparison group of the company's competitors and the

remaining part shall be linked to a group-wide financial objective such as return on capital employed, own EBITDA level or EBITDA margin. However, for employees in division Americas, 20-40 per cent of LTI shall be linked to SSAB Americas own earnings and return on capital employed.

The objectives of LTI are to create a common interest for the company management and shareholders to drive the business towards long-term good return on the SSAB-shares and to promote the company's ability to recruit and retain key employees.

The variable cash compensation programs shall be structured such that the board of directors has the possibility, should exceptional circumstances prevail, to restrict the payment of variable cash compensations, or to decline to make such payment, where such a measure is deemed reasonable and compatible with the company's responsibilities to its shareholders, employees and other stakeholders.

To which extent the objectives for variable cash remuneration has been satisfied shall be evaluated when the measurement period has ended. Following a proposal from the remuneration committee, the board of directors is responsible for the evaluation so far as it concerns variable remuneration to the CEO. For variable cash remuneration to other senior executives, the remuneration committee is responsible for the evaluation in consultation with the CEO. When the board of directors assesses how the financial objectives have been met, this should be done against the latest published financial information with any adjustments that the board of directors considers necessary or appropriate.

Before the payment of variable cash compensation is effected, the board of directors must verify that the objectives linked to the remuneration have been met and that the remuneration has been calculated correctly.

Salary and employment conditions for employees

In the preparation of the board of directors' proposal for these remuneration guidelines, salary and employment conditions for employees of the company have been taken into account by including information on the employees' total income, the components of the remuneration and increase and growth rate over time, in the board of directors' and the remuneration committee's basis of decision when evaluating whether the guidelines and the limitations set out herein are reasonable. The decision-making process to determine, review and implement the guidelines

The board of directors has established a remuneration committee. The committee's tasks include preparing the board of directors' decision to propose guidelines for executive remuneration. The remuneration committee shall also monitor and evaluate programs for variable remuneration for the executive management, the application of these remuneration guidelines as well as the current remuneration structures and compensation levels in the company. The CEO and other senior executives do not participate in the board of directors' or the remuneration committee's processing of and resolutions regarding remuneration-related matters in so far as they are affected by such matters. The board of directors shall prepare a proposal for new guidelines at least every fourth year and submit it to the general meeting. The guidelines shall be in force until new guidelines are adopted by the general meetina.

Derogation from the guidelines

The board of directors may temporarily resolve to derogate from the guidelines, in whole or in part, if in a specific case there is special cause for the derogation and a derogation is motivated to serve the company's long-term interests, including its sustainability, or to ensure the company's financial viability. As set out above, the remuneration committee's tasks include preparing the board of directors' resolutions in remuneration-related matters, including also preparation of resolutions to derogate from the guidelines.

Resolution to authorize the Board to resolve upon new issues of shares

The Board of Directors proposes that the Annual General Meeting authorize the Board of Directors to, at one or several occasions up to the next Annual General Meeting, resolve on new issues of shares of series B, with or without the disapplication of the shareholders' preferential rights to subscribe for shares. The total number of shares that may be issued by exercise of the authorization shall be within the limits of the articles of association and not exceed ten (10) per cent of the total number of shares in the company at the time of the Board's resolution to issue new shares. The authorization includes a right to resolve to issue new shares for cash consideration, by contribution in kind or payment by set-off. Share issues for cash consideration or for consideration by set-off may be made with disapplication of the shareholders' preferential rights only for the purpose of financing

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acquisitions and provided that the share issue is made on market terms.